

A Guide to Grade Reporting – Secondary Schools

2021 – 2022 School Year Only

Curriculum Policy Office

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Foreword

Principals, Teachers, Administrators:

Evaluating student performance is a basic part of the educational process and calls for the highest level of professional skill and understanding. Texas Education Agency regulations stipulate that academic grades must reflect the degree of student mastery of the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) for a subject or course.

These TEKS have been translated into District philosophies, goals, objectives, and scope-and-sequence documents in the Fort Worth ISD Curriculum. Per EG (or EH) and EIA LOCAL polices, each teacher shall be expected to use the FWISD provided curriculum documents in the planning of their daily lessons. Teachers are also to use FWISD adopted or approved instructional materials and resources. These curriculum guideposts, along with local board policies, form the basis for grading procedures. This guide will assist you in evaluating student progress and in making assignments of grades.

Philosophy

Given the premise that all children can continue to learn and increase their achievement, we believe that grading and reporting should focus on student growth and learning in a climate of high expectations. Instructional emphasis will be placed on the accomplishment of defined District goals. Grading and reporting are both formative and summative in nature and should utilize both formal and informal processes. Schools are accountable for structuring learning experiences, teaching processes, planning and evaluation, and utilization of materials, resources, and time to result in optimum student learning. Grading should provide clear and consistent feedback to students.

Tests and quizzes yielding numerical grades are only one way to evaluate student learning. Complete grading requires multiple assessment techniques, such as performances, portfolios, projects, presentations, teacher observation of developmental skills, work samples, learning logs, journals, surveys, interviews, simulations, and role-playing. Using a variety of evaluation strategies will elicit greater opportunities for students to demonstrate mastery.

Purpose of Grading

Grading serves the following purposes or functions:

- **Information:** to inform parents and students regularly of the student's success in learning and mastery of local objectives and the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS).
- **Guidance:** to promote and maintain desirable patterns of behavior and achievement and to identify areas of special ability as a basis for realistic student self-appraisal and for future educational and occupational planning.
- **Motivation:** to encourage the student toward maximum achievement and realistic self-appraisal for future educational and occupational planning.
- **Administration:** to provide data for use in educational planning and decision-making

This handbook provides a consistent set of grading and reporting regulations. The regulations adhere to the Texas Administrative Code, the Texas Education Code, and the Fort Worth ISD Board policies.

The handbook:

- Describes the District's grading system which all teachers will implement,
- Encourages a better understanding of grading and reporting, and
- Fosters consistency in grading and reporting student achievement.

The Grading System

Board Policy

The Texas Education Code 28.0216 and Board Policy EIA (LEGAL) and EIA (LOCAL) state that teachers will not assign a student a prescribed minimum grade. Furthermore, the guidelines stipulate that:

- Grading must reflect a student's relative mastery of an assignment,
- A sufficient number of grades must be taken to support the grade average assigned,
- Guidelines for grading must be clearly communicated to students and parents, and
- A student must be permitted an opportunity to redo an assignment or retake a test for which the student received a failing grade.
 - If the teacher fails to notify the parent of the drop in the grade below a 70 at the third week, as required, the student shall be afforded the opportunity to bring the grade up to passing.

Determining Grades

Grades for Coursework

In determining grades for a course, emphasis will be placed on the accomplishment of defined FWISD instructional objectives which are aligned to the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills (TEKS) and Texas College and Career Readiness Standards. The FWISD-developed curriculum provides guidance by including a variety of both formal and informal assessment activities aligned to the required TEKS.

Such tools will assist in determining if students are learning the required knowledge and skills at the appropriate level of complexity. Within this framework of information, both types of assessments (formative/informal and summative/formal) are to be utilized to determine an individual student's mastery of the TEKS.

- Formative assessments may include teacher observations, classwork/samples of student work, homework assignments, skills demonstrations, etc.
- Summative assessments may include unit tests, quizzes, chapter or skills tests, writing samples, individual/group projects, oral presentations, etc.
- A minimum of eight grades should be documented each six weeks. There must be at least four grades given each three weeks. This does not include the six-weeks test or the semester exam.

- A teacher-created six-weeks test can be utilized as a grade, but is not to be counted as one of the required eight minimum grades.
- Benchmark tests are not to be used for grading purposes.
- District interim assessments included on the assessment calendar may be included in six-week grades with a weight equal to a homework grade (10%).

Minimum Number of Grades Required

A minimum of eight grades should be documented each six weeks. At least four grades should be given each three weeks. The eight grades do not include the six-weeks or semester exam.

Homework

Homework is used to enrich and embed the topics and concepts covered in the course. The intent is to guide the student toward mastery. Homework is not intended for summative assessments. Homework cannot count more than 10% of the six-weeks grade. Homework should not be punitive. Assignments should be able to be successfully completed with the resources (i.e., internet access and technology) that are readily available within flexible timeframes to accommodate differing student schedules and pace.

Weighting of Grades

Grades are calculated based on weights established by the teacher and approved by the principal. This information should be shared with students and parents at the same time as the class syllabus is distributed to students.

Homework cannot count more than 10% of the six-weeks grade. No one assignment can count more than 20% of the six-weeks grade. Ensure that there are sufficient grades for each type of category to guarantee that no one assignment will be worth more than 20% of the grading period grade.

For Example Only:

| Category | Weight | Minimum # of Assignments Needed to Ensure that No One Assignment is Worth more than 20% |
|-------------------|--------|---|
| Daily Assignments | 10% | 1 |
| Quizzes | 25% | 2 |
| Labs | 45% | 3 |
| Tests | 20% | 1 |

Semester Exams

All high school students are required to take a semester examination and/or complete a culminating activity in each course. The grade on the semester exam or culminating activity is worth 1/7 of the semester grade. Senior students may be exempt from taking second-semester final exams. See the *Semester Exam Exemption* section.

Middle school students enrolled in high school courses, except World Language courses, will be required to take a semester exam or complete a culminating activity. The semester exam or culminating activity will be worth 1/7 of the semester grade.

Semester Exam Exemptions

A senior student will be granted an exemption from taking a semester exam during the second semester (spring semester) if the student:

- Has maintained a grade of 85 or higher in the course for the spring semester (calculated by averaging the 4th, 5th, and 6th six-weeks grades up until the semester exam); and
- Has not been suspended or assigned to an alternative program during the school year; and
- Submits a form, signed by the parent, requesting the exemption.

A student can elect to take the semester exam even if the student qualifies for the exemption.

A student will not be exempt from completing a culminating activity.

Retaking a Failed Semester Exam

A student cannot retake a failed semester exam, unless there is a breach in required student accommodations.

Calculation of Semester Grades

The grade the student receives on the semester examination or culminating activity will be used to determine the semester grade for the course. The semester grade for students with six reporting periods will be calculated as follows:

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1 st Six Weeks Grade | 2/7 of Semester Grade (28.5%) |
| 2 nd Six Weeks Grade | 2/7 of Semester Grade (28.5%) |
| 3 rd Six Weeks Grade | 2/7 of Semester Grade (28.5%) |
| Semester Exam | 1/7 of Semester Grade (14.5%) |

| | |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 4 th Six Weeks Grade | 2/7 of Semester Grade (28.5%) |
| 5 th Six Weeks Grade | 2/7 of Semester Grade (28.5%) |
| 6 th Six Weeks Grade | 2/7 of Semester Grade (28.5%) |
| Semester Exam | 1/7 of Semester Grade (14.5%) |

The semester grade for students with nine reporting periods will be calculated as follows:

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1 st Nine Weeks Grade | 3/7 of Semester Grade (43%) |
| 2 nd Nine Weeks Grade | 3/7 of Semester Grade (43%) |
| Semester Exam | 1/7 of Semester Grade (14%) |

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3 rd Nine Weeks Grade | 3/7 of Semester Grade (43%) |
| 4 th Nine Weeks Grade | 3/7 of Semester Grade (43%) |
| Semester Exam | 1/7 of Semester Grade (14%) |

FOCUS will automatically calculate the semester grade based on the grades entered for each six-weeks grading period and the semester exam (or culminating activity) grade.

| Item | Grade | Weight | Points |
|---------------------------------------|-------|--------|----------------------|
| 1 st Six Weeks | 92 | 2/7 | 26.2 |
| 2 nd Six Weeks | 85 | 2/7 | 24.2 |
| 3 rd Six Weeks | 80 | 2/7 | 22.8 |
| Final Exam or Culminating Activity | 78 | 1/7 | 11.3 |
| First Semester Grade | | | 84.6 = 85 |

Calculation of Yearly Grades

Yearly grades are computed by averaging the two semester grades posted on the student's report cards.

Posting of Grades in the Online Gradebook

Teachers are required to post grades in the online gradebook and provide feedback to students within five school days from the date the student submits an assignment. The date the student turns in the assignment is day 0. Complex assignments, essays, or assignments that require extensive teacher feedback may require up to seven school days to return to students and post in the online gradebook. Any deviation from this procedure requires principal approval and notification to students.

Makeup Work Due to an Absence

For any class missed, the teacher may assign the student makeup work based on the instructional objectives for the subject or course and the needs of the individual student in mastering the essential knowledge and skills or in meeting subject or course requirements.

A student will be responsible for obtaining and completing the makeup work in a satisfactory manner and within the time specified by the teacher. The student will be allowed no less than one day for each day absent, but may be allowed more time depending on the assignment and at the teacher's discretion. A student who does not make up assigned work within the time allotted by the teacher will receive a grade of zero for the assignment.

A student is encouraged to speak with his or her teacher if the student knows of an absence ahead of time, including absences for extracurricular activities, so that the teacher and student may plan any work that can be completed before or shortly after the absence.

A student will be permitted to make up tests and to turn in projects due in any class missed because of absence. Teachers may assign a late penalty to any long-term project in accordance with time lines approved by the principal and previously communicated to students.

A student who is absent, but turns work in by the teacher-designated due date, will have an opportunity to redo or retest, if applicable.

The Redo/Retake policy does not apply if a student does not submit work timely.

Redoing Assignments or Retaking Tests

Board Policy allows a student who receives a failing grade on a test or assignment, except for semester exams, the opportunity to redo the assignment or retake the test. The student or parent must initiate the request according to the following parameters:

- The student and/or parent must request to redo an assignment or retake a test within five days from the earlier of the date the assignment or test was returned to the student or entered into the student grading system.
- The student will be provided an opportunity for tutoring or re-teaching prior to retesting. This may occur during class time, before or after school, or at another time agreed upon by the teacher and student.
- A teacher may require the student to complete missed homework, test corrections, or other items as part of the re-teaching process.
- A student must redo the assignment or retake the test within five school days from the earlier of the date the assignment or test was returned to the student or the date the grade was entered into the student grading system.
- A teacher may provide longer than five school days if necessary.
- Assignments offered for redo or retaken tests may be different from the original assignment or test so long as the concepts/content assigned or tested are the same.
- Re-testing or redo assignment guidelines do not apply to grades received due to failure to adhere to the established late work guidelines approved by the principal and disseminated to students.
- Any retests will be administered on the campus.
- The grade the student receives on the redone assignment or retaken test will be no higher than a 70.
- A failed semester exam cannot be retaken.
- If more than 50% of the students in a class fail to demonstrate mastery on a summative assessment, except a benchmark, a teacher is encouraged to reteach and retest the class. The higher of the two grades will be recorded. A student who passed the original test can elect to retake the test. Reassessments should occur within five school days from the date the test is returned with feedback to the student.

Teachers must include these guidelines within the course syllabus.

Re-teaching

Board Policy EIA (LOCAL) defines re-teaching as another presentation of content and additional strategies, usually to provide an additional opportunity for a student to learn.

Each teacher shall plan for re-teaching while planning the initial instruction, thereby ensuring that alternative instructional strategies are immediately available when needed.

Re-teaching should be practiced and should ensure fairness and promote student success. The teacher should document any efforts to re-teach and any reassessments.

Dual Credit Information

Dual credit course may be offered in-person, online, or through distance learning opportunities.

Recording of Dual Credit Grades

Dual credit grades are determined based on the collegiate grading practices per Board-approved Dual Credit Agreements. Only semester grades are reported. Students in dual credit courses will have access to their grades throughout the semester via TCC WebAdvisor (for TCC courses). This account can be established by logging into mytcc.edu. The account is established after acceptance into Tarrant County College.

Dual Credit/Dual Enrollment

Students may be eligible to earn college credit while they are still in high school by enrolling in dual credit courses. A variety of dual credit options are available to students. Dual credit courses may be offered at:

- Some high school campuses with the courses taught by an approved high school or college instructor;
- Tarrant County College sites through Dual Credit Academies;
- Various campus sites; Tarrant County College District, Texas Wesleyan University, and University of Texas at Arlington taught by college instructors; and
- An online dual credit program taught through the University of Texas at Arlington by college instructors with expertise in teaching online courses.

Dual Enrollment courses are offered through OnRamps, an innovative dual-enrollment program providing rigorous courses aligned with the high standards and expectations of The University of Texas at Austin. OnRamps works through a dual-enrollment model. Using a hybrid delivery approach, students meet rigorous university-level college readiness standards and have the opportunity to earn UT Austin credit from a UT faculty member and high school credit from their local teacher. All OnRamps courses are guaranteed to transfer to any public institution in Texas.

To be eligible to enroll in college courses and also be awarded credit toward state graduation requirements, a student must:

- Meet qualifications set forth by the District and the participating institutions,
- Choose courses approved by the District, and
- Have the approval of the high school principal.

College and Career Readiness Coordinators and CTE Coordinators are to provide students with current information regarding approved dual credit courses. To receive high school credit, the student must have a minimum grade of a "D" (equivalent to a 70 or higher) on an official college transcript. Grades in these dual credit courses will be used in computing the high school grade point average. Approved FWISD dual credit courses successfully completed will receive Tier I credit. For additional information regarding dual credit, talk to the Coordinators, and CTE Coordinators at each campus.

Students who take a dual credit course that substitutes for one of the required End-of-Course-Examination courses must take the corresponding STAAR EOC assessment.

Additional information regarding dual credit courses is posted on the District website under the Advanced, Accelerated, and Innovative Learning (AAIL) Department. Questions regarding dual credit can be made to 817.814.2580.

Student Eligibility and Registration

To enroll in college courses, students must meet eligibility requirements by both the District and the participating institution. The College and Career Readiness and CTE coordinators will provide students with information regarding dual credit courses. Once the student has met participating institution qualifications, selected a dual credit course, completed the necessary paperwork, and received approval from the high school principal, the dual credit application will be submitted to the college or university.

The student should review the class requirements and syllabus during the first week of the dual credit course. If at this time, the student determines that it is no longer feasible for him/her to complete the dual credit course requirements, the student should immediately seek counsel regarding his/her concerns. The student should immediately make an appointment with the counselor, as very prompt action may prevent dire grade consequences.

- When contacted by a student who is concerned about his/her dual credit course, the counselor should advise the student of the serious consequences of failing and/or dropping a dual credit course without following required procedures and timelines.
- Dual credit course grades are used in determining the student's Grade Point Average.
- Failure to earn at least a "D" grade (equivalent of a 70 or higher) in the dual credit course will deny the student high school equivalent credit for the designated high school course.
- Failure of credit for the high school equivalent to the dual credit course may cause the student to fail to meet the course graduation requirement.

Timeline for Dropping Dual Credit Course

FWISD Timelines

If the student has made the decision to drop the dual credit course on or before the college drop deadline, the College and Career Readiness Coordinator will work with the high school counselor to schedule the student into the appropriate high school course or high school credit retrieval program. The student will immediately begin attending the high school class with his/her dual credit grade.

University Timelines

The student must immediately notify the university personnel and follow the required university procedures for dropping a dual credit course.

Each university has its own unique timeline for course withdrawal without a penalty.

Failure to contact the university and follow required procedures could result in a failing grade at the university, resulting in placement of the student on scholastic probation upon his/her return to the university.

Student Calendars

Early College High School approved calendars and Tarrant County College calendars may differ. The college calendar predominates; i.e., if the college is in session, students may need to attend college classes even during FWISD holidays and breaks.

Dual Credit Grades and Weighted Grade Points

The teacher-of-record for all dual credit courses will be noted as the campus College and Career Readiness Coordinator, unless taught by a credentialed FWISD instructor. In that case, the teacher of record will be the credentialed FWISD instructor. Dual credit grades for FWISD students participating in the Dual Credit Academy or an Early College High School will be reported by the instructors to the FWISD Dual Credit Coordinator at the end of each semester for verification, and then sent to the campus College and Career Readiness Coordinator. These grades will be processed by the campus data clerk.

Students who take approved FWISD dual credit courses on their own must bring an official college or university transcript to their campus once the course has been completed. Students must have the approval of their principal and campus College and Career Readiness Coordinator prior to taking a dual credit course on their own. The campus will record the student's official final grade on the student's Academic Achievement Record. A minimum grade of "D" (equivalent of a 70 or higher) on an official transcript is needed for award of credit. **Grades in dual credit courses will be used in computing the high school grade point average.** Approved FWISD dual

credit courses successfully completed will receive weighted credit. **Failing a required course may endanger graduation.**

Dual Credit and University Interscholastic League (UIL) Eligibility

Dual credit courses are listed by the State Board of Education as being included in the list of advanced classes identified for no pass, no play exemptions for UIL competitions in the areas of English Language Arts, Mathematics, Science, Social Studies, Economics and Languages Other than English/World Languages. By law, a grade less than 70 in any of these classes does not affect a student's eligibility. In addition, House Bill 208 states: "A student otherwise eligible to participate in an extracurricular or UIL activity is not ineligible because the student is enrolled in dual credit or concurrent enrollment courses, regardless of the location at which the course is provided."

Communicating with Parents

The online gradebook enhances parent communication. Phone calls, parent conferences, written notices, and/or progress reports remain the preferred method of communications.

Conferences

Report cards are only one of many means of communicating with parents. Conferencing with parents is another way. Conferences are useful to improve understanding and communication among teacher, student, and parent. A conference may be initiated by a parent, teacher, student, or administrator.

If a parent desires a conference with his or her child's teacher(s) to discuss the child's academic progress, the parent must contact the school office to schedule a meeting during the teacher's conference period. Parents must report to the school office prior to meeting with the teacher. All safety measures must be followed when visiting a campus.

To assure effective communication, any notice required by policy to be sent to the parent or guardian of a student shall be written in the language spoken by the parent or guardian. If the dominant language of the parent or guardians is a language other than English or Spanish, such notice will be written in the dominant language of the parent or guardian only if a suitable translation is available. To make arrangements for translations, call the Translation Services office at 817.814.2416

Progress Reports

The teacher should request and issue a progress report at each of the required reporting periods and in the following instances:

- » A student's grade has dropped more than 10 points since the last grade report or progress report,
 - If the teacher fails to notify the parent of the drop in the grade, the student shall be afforded the opportunity to make up the work.
- » A student has excessive absences.
- » A student's conduct is "N", Needs Improvement or "U", Unsatisfactory.

Required Communication When Student's Performance is Unsatisfactory

Board Policy EIA (LEGAL) requires the District, at least once every three weeks, or during the fourth week of each nine-week grading period, to give written notice to a parent if a student's performance is consistently unsatisfactory. Unsatisfactory performance, per state credit rules, is

performance below a grade of 70 on a scale of 100. The notice must provide for the signature of the student's parent and must be returned to the District.

If a student's average falls below 70 or the absence limit is exceeded after the scheduled notice of progress reports have been sent home, the teacher should immediately initiate parent contact by conference, letter, phone, email, and/or note. It is imperative that extra effort be made to give parents advance notice of a pending failing grade or of excessive absences in a class before the report card is sent home. Teachers should retain documentation of all efforts.

If the teacher fails to notify the parent of the drop in a grade below a 70 at the third week, the student shall be afforded the opportunity to bring the grade up to passing.

Teacher Syllabus

The teacher syllabus is another means of communicating required and important information to students and parents.

Before the end of the first week of attendance, teachers must provide students with a written course syllabus.

A copy of the syllabus must be filed in the principal's office. If changes occur to either the course syllabus or the grading procedures, these changes should be made in writing, to the student, and a new syllabus submitted to the principal to be filed in the principal's office.

At a minimum, the syllabus must contain:

- Weighting of categories that make up the total grade, as approved by the principal;
- Procedures for making up work when a student is absent;
- Procedures for redoing an assignment or retaking a test
- Attendance policies

Middle School Grade Reporting

Semester grades at middle school are computed by averaging the numerical grades for the first three six-weeks grading periods to arrive at the first semester grade, and by averaging the grades from the fourth through sixth six-week grading periods to arrive at the second semester grade. However, middle school students who are enrolled in high school courses, except world language courses, will take a semester exam or complete a culminating activity. The semester grade will be computed by the method described in the *Calculation of Semester Grades* section above.

Middle school students not enrolled in high school courses may be required to take a semester exam or complete a culminating activity at the discretion of the teacher *and* principal. The grade earned on the semester exam or culminating activity will be used as part of the grade for the third or sixth six-weeks grade.

Year-end grades are determined by averaging the two semester grades.

Courses earning high school credit that are taken at middle school are recorded and averaged in accordance with EI (LOCAL). Credit for high school courses taken at middle school will count towards high school graduation credit requirements. The grades and credit earned will be noted on the academic achievement record upon successful completion of the course. Grades earned in high school courses while in middle school *might be included* in the calculation of the student's high school Rank Grade Point Average (GPA), See the section on calculating Class Rank for additional information.

Explanation of Number and Letter Grades

Numerical Grades

For students in the graduating class of 2022:

| | |
|----------|--|
| 91 – 100 | A - Above Average to Outstanding Progress |
| 81 – 90 | B - Satisfactory to Above Average Progress |
| 70 – 80 | C - Limited to Average Progress |
| 0 – 69 | F - Failing |
| I* | Incomplete/Failing (must be made up by the end of the school year) |

* The "I" is not an academic grade, but indicates incomplete work or required number of grades not complete, or a grade of 69 or below; therefore, students with an "I" are ineligible for extracurricular activities. (TEC 33.081)

For students in the graduating classes of 2023 and beyond:

| | |
|----------|--|
| 90 – 100 | A - Above Average to Outstanding Progress |
| 80 – 89 | B - Satisfactory to Above Average Progress |
| 70 – 79 | C - Limited to Average Progress |
| 0 – 69 | F - Failing |
| I* | Incomplete/Failing (must be made up by the end of the school year) |

* The "I" is not an academic grade, but indicates incomplete work or required number of grades not complete, or a grade of 69 or below; therefore, students with an "I" are ineligible for extracurricular activities. (TEC 33.081)

Letter Grades

The Letters E, S, N, and U will be used to document conduct grades. Use the information below as a guide to help determine the conduct grade:

E – Excellent – Observes rules consistently

S – Satisfactory – Observes rules frequently

N – Needs Improvement – Observes rules infrequently

U – Unsatisfactory – Seldomly observes rules

The teacher must notify the parent before lowering the conduct grade to an "N" or "U".

- N – The progress report may serve as documentation that the student's parent was notified.
- U – A conduct mark of a U requires documentation of a conference with the parent and submission of documentation to the principal.

Earning Course Credit

A middle school student advances to the next grade if the student has an overall average of 70 in all subject areas and a grade of 70 or above in three of the following areas: language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies.

A student in grades 9 – 12, or in a lower grade when a student is enrolled in a high school credit-bearing course, will earn credit for a course only if the final grade is 70 or above and the attendance requirements are met.

Beginning with the 2018-2019 school year, when a student fails one semester of a two-semester course, the District will award credit for both semesters if the student passes the other semester with a grade high enough so that the combined average of the two semesters is 70 or higher. ***The grades earned must be within the same school year. The school year is defined as the fall semester, spring semester, and summer session.***

Examples:

| Semester 1 | Semester 2 | Average | Credit Earned | EOC Course | Options to Regain Credit |
|------------|------------|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Pass (80) | Fail (68) | Pass (74) | 1.0 credit for full year | Pass | No other action is required |
| Pass (70) | Fail (68) | Fail (69) | 0.5 credit for first semester | Fail | Retake second semester and the EOC (web-based curriculum may be used for certain courses) |
| Fail (68) | Pass (80) | Pass (74) | 1.0 credit for full year | Fail | Retake EOC exam |
| Fail (68) | Pass (70) | Fail (69) | 0.5 credit for second semester | <i>Not an EOC Course</i> | Web-based curriculum program, <i>Credit By Exam</i> , or retake first semester |

Display of Grades on Report Cards

All grades are displayed as whole number percentages on the report card. If the average results in a mixed number with a fraction of 0.5 or higher, the average will be rounded to the next higher whole number.

The grading scale showing the equivalent letter grade is displayed at the bottom of each report card.

Effect of Excessive Absences on Course Grades

Excessive absences are noted on the student's transcript with an * placed by the course grade.

| Fine Arts | | SE | S1 | S2 | Av | Cr. |
|-----------|------------------|----|-----|-----|----|------|
| 1051A | Honors Art 1A | H | *78 | | 78 | 0.00 |
| 1051B | Honors Art 1B | H | | *87 | 87 | 0.00 |

Accompanying footnote at the bottom of the transcript will read: * No credit given due to excessive absences.

Class Rank

Class Rank for the Graduating Classes of 2022 and 2023

The District includes in the calculation of class rank all grades earned in high school credit courses taken in grades 9 – 12.

The calculation of class rank excludes grades earned in or by:

- A local credit course;
- A course for which a pass/fail grade is assigned;
- Credit-by-examination, with or without prior instruction
- Grades earned prior to grade 9;
- Distance learning and traditional correspondence courses; and
- Dual credit courses taken through a college with which the District does not have a partnership agreement.

Beginning with students entering sixth grade in the 2018-2019 school year, grades earned in AP courses taken in middle school will be included in the calculation of high school GPA and class rank.

GPA-Exempt Courses

Beginning with first time freshman entering high school in the 2017 – 2018 school year, students may be eligible to take courses on a GPA-exempt basis. To be eligible, the student must:

- Be a junior or senior, and
- Have completed all prerequisite courses required for the GPA-exempt course, and
- Complete the GPA-exempt Request Form and submit it to the appropriate counselor by the timeline established annually.

A qualifying junior or senior student can select up to two semester-long courses to take on a GPA-exempt basis each of those two years. See the Bulletin 100 for a complete list of courses.

Class Rank Beginning with the Graduating Class of 2024

The District includes in the calculation of class rank the eight highest eligible semester grades earned in high school courses taken in grades 9 – 12 in each of the following subjects only:

- English Language Arts
- Mathematics
- Science, and
- Social Studies

If the student has earned fewer than eight eligible semester grades in one or more of these subjects in grades 9 – 12, the District shall use eligible semester grades earned before grade 9, as necessary, for a total of eight grades in each of these subjects.

The calculation of class rank excludes grades earned in or by:

- A local credit course;
- A course for which a pass/fail grade is assigned;
- Credit-by-Examination, with or without prior instruction;
- Distance learning and traditional correspondence courses; and
- Dual credit courses taken through a college with which the District does not have a partnership agreement.

For detailed information about the calculation of class rank, see the information on page 104 in the Bulletin 100 here: [Class Rank beginning with Class of 2024](#)

Weighted GPA

The District categorizes and weights courses as Tier I, Tier II, and Tier III in accordance with policy EIC (LOCAL). The Weighted GPA is used to determine local graduation honors and the highest-ranking graduate.

Tier I courses include Advanced Placement (AP) courses, International Baccalaureate (IB) courses, OnRamps courses, dual credit courses, any courses for which a Tier I course is a prerequisite, and other rigorous District-designated courses.

Tier II courses include high school Honors courses and other courses locally designated as honor courses.

Tier III courses include all other courses not designated as Tier I or Tier II courses.

The District converts semester grade points and calculates a weighted GPA in accordance with the following chart:

Weighted GPA Scale for the Class of 2022

| Grade | TIER I | TIER II | TIER III |
|--------------|--------|---------|----------|
| 97 and above | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 |
| 94–96 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 3.8 |
| 91–93 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 3.6 |
| 87–90 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.4 |
| 84–86 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.2 |
| 81–83 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 |
| 77–80 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| 74–76 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| 71–73 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| 70 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 |
| 69 or below | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Weighted GPA Scale Beginning with the Class of 2023

| Grade | TIER I | TIER II | TIER III |
|--------------|--------|---------|----------|
| 97 and above | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 |
| 94–96 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 3.8 |
| 90–93 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 3.6 |
| 87–89 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.4 |
| 84–86 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 3.2 |
| 80–83 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 |
| 77–79 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| 74–76 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| 71–73 | 3.4 | 2.9 | 2.4 |
| 70 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 |

Unweighted GPA

The District shall calculate an unweighted GPA using a simple whole-number scale. Unweighted GPAs will be displayed in FOCUS and on the student's transcript.

Unweighted GPA Scale for the Class of 2022

| Grade | Unweighted Simple 4.0 GPA Scale |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| 91 – 100 | 4.0 |
| 81 – 90 | 3.0 |
| 70 – 80 | 2.0 |
| 69 or below | 0.0 |

Unweighted GPA Scale beginning with the Graduating Class of 2023

| Grade | Unweighted Simple 4.0 GPA Scale |
|-------------|---------------------------------|
| 90 – 100 | 4.0 |
| 80 – 89 | 3.0 |
| 70 – 79 | 2.0 |
| 69 or below | 0.0 |

Class Rank for Application to Institution of Higher Education

The District shall also calculate class ranking as required by state law. The District's eligibility criteria for local graduation honors shall apply only for local recognitions and shall not restrict class ranking for the purpose of automatic admission to institutions of higher education under state law per EIC (LEGAL).

Credit By Examination

The District offers students the opportunity to take a credit by examination (CBE) to demonstrate mastery in a subject or to earn course credit with or without prior instruction. [Policies EHDB and EHDC] CBEs are available for most courses. The District uses CBEs purchased from Texas Tech University and/or The University of Texas. The exams assess the student's mastery of the essential knowledge and skills relevant to the applicable subject. The exams are periodically reviewed by the State for alignment with essential knowledge and skills.

Successful course credit will be indicated on the transcript with the actual grade earned, but the grade will not be used in the calculation of GPA. If credit is not awarded, documentation of the examination will be placed in the student's academic achievement folder.

With Prior Instruction

A student can take a CBE when the student has had prior instruction and when:

- The student is enrolling in the District from a non-accredited school or home school; or
- The district needs to determine the proper placement of the student; or
- The student failed a subject or course; or
- The student has earned a passing grade in a subject or course but failed to earn credit due to excessive absences.

To receive credit for the course, a student must score a 70 or above on the CBE. Examinations will assess the student's mastery of the essential knowledge and skills and will be administered according to established District procedures.

Prior to offering a student an opportunity to demonstrate mastery or to earn credit by this method, an appropriate District employee will review the student's educational record to determine whether the student has had prior instruction in the subject or course.

Middle School

Students in grades 6 – 8 who have received prior instruction in previous courses may be placed into the appropriate course or courses based upon evidence from sources such as prior performance in the subject, teacher recommendations, and scores on locally administered tests and inventories. A campus committee consisting of the principal, counselor, and classroom teachers will make placement decisions. No placement will be made without parent approval. Placement can be made for six weeks pending results from CBEs.

Students may not place out of any courses for which high school credit toward graduation is awarded unless the student takes a CBE certified by the FWISD. Should a parent challenge placement or request alternative placement(s) or examinations, the District may administer and recognize results of a test purchased by the parent or student from Texas Tech University or the University of Texas at Austin.

High School

Students entering the district, who have been homeschooled or are coming from unaccredited schools seeking placement/validation of grade level or coursework, may be placed in appropriate course or grade level based on the decision of a campus committee consisting of the principal, counselor, and classroom teachers. If a student is Limited-English-Proficient, the LPAC must work in collaboration with the campus committee to determine appropriate instructional placement/validation. This placement requires parental approval. Evidence of previous classroom work, results of standardized testing, psychologists' recommendations, or records from previous setting(s) may be considered in order to determine placement. Should a parent challenge the placement, the parent may request an alternative examination. The FWISD may administer and recognize results of a test purchased by the parent or student from Texas Tech University or The University of Texas at Austin. A six-week placement for observation may be made pending CBE results.

Without Prior Instruction

Students can take a Credit by Exam to earn credit for a course without prior instruction. No prior instruction is defined as having no formal instruction in the specific course content and/or grade for which the examination is given. In order to receive credit, a student must earn a score of 80 or above. Award of credit for a two-semester course is based upon successful passing scores on CBEs for both semesters.

Students will only be administered the tests for which they have an official registration verified and approved by their counselor. Students cannot register to take a CBE while concurrently enrolled in the course for which they are taking the exam. There is no charge to the student for taking a CBE for purposes of acceleration. Transportation to and from the testing site is not provided by the District. CBEs are not recognized by the NCAA for athletic eligibility purposes.

CBE for EOC Courses

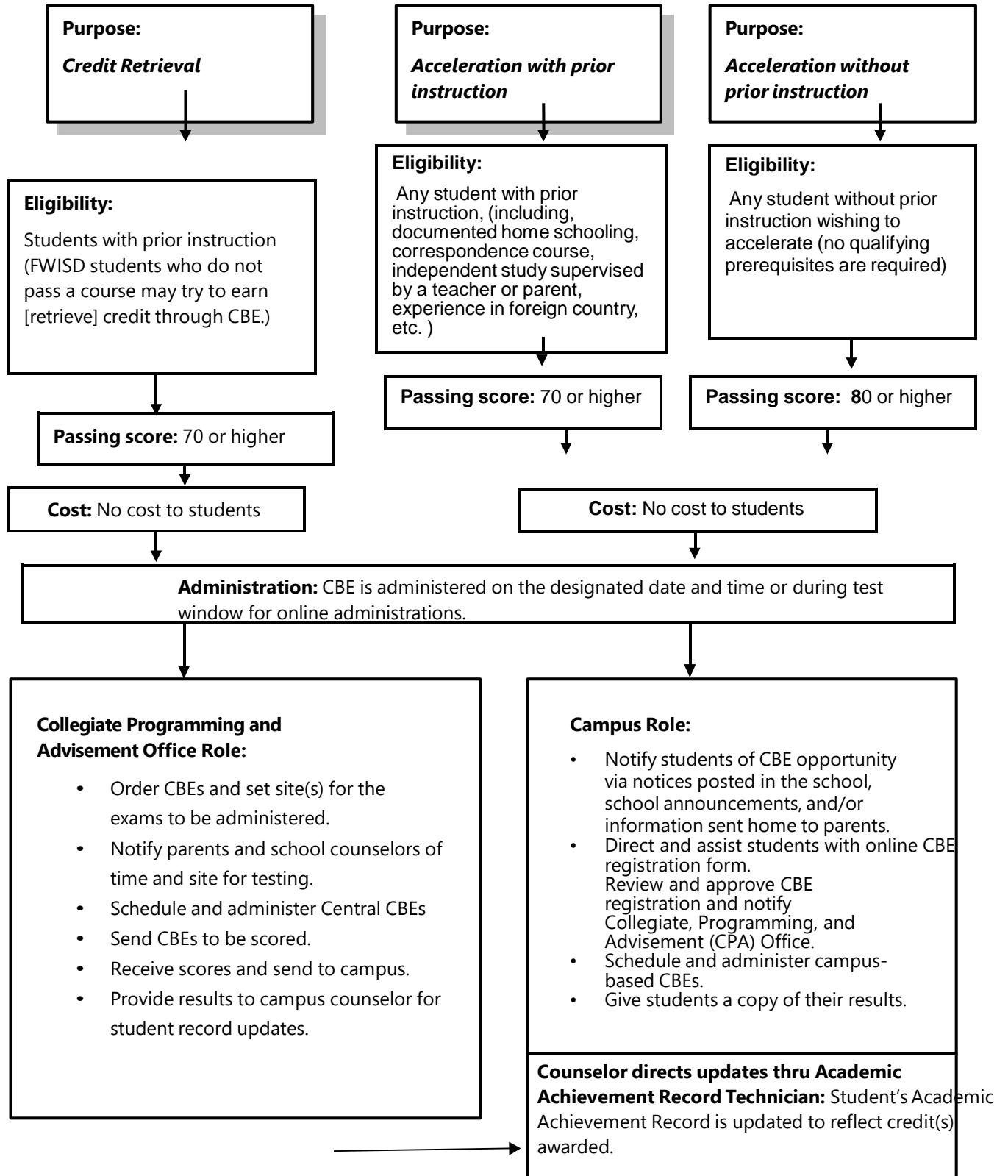
A student who has not had prior instruction in the course and passes the CBE with an 80 or higher, does not have to take the related EOC exam.

Procedures for Taking a CBE for Acceleration

1. Dates for Credit by Examination (CBE) testing for acceleration are published by the Collegiate Programming and Advisement (CPA) Office at the beginning of the school year.
2. Individual school campuses notify students via notices posted in the school, school announcements, and/or information sent home to parents.
3. Students contact their counseling office to register for CBEs and to complete the FWISD *Credit by Examination Student Registration Form* available on Collegiate Programming and Advisement webpage. A student may take a CBE for a particular course only once during each testing cycle and a total of two times. Counselor must verify and approve registration.
4. The District's CPA Department orders the CBEs and sets the site(s) for the examination(s) to be administered.
5. Parents receive a notification letter from the District's Collegiate Programming and Advisement (CPA) Office indicating the time and place designated for in-person test administration. The school counseling office also receives the information included in the parent notification.
6. The CBE is administered on the designated date and time or during testing window for online administration.
7. The CBE is sent to be scored.
8. The CBE scores are received by the District's Collegiate Programming and Advisement (CPA) Office and are provided to the campus counseling office.
9. Students receive a copy of their CBE results.
10. Counselor works with the Campus officer, Academic Achievement Record (AAR) technician for transcript history update in cases where credit is awarded.
11. The student's transcript is updated to reflect any credit(s) awarded. The CBE test score earned shall not be used for calculation of grade point average or in determining class rank, FWISD Policies EEJA and EEJB (LOCAL). CBE test scores are coded on the student's transcript with an (E) for each examination for acceleration or a (T) to note it is for credit verification when a CBE is used for credit retrieval.

Credit by examination shall not be used to gain eligibility for participation in extracurricular activities.

Credit-by-Examination Flowchart



Distance Learning and Correspondence Courses

All Grade Levels

Distance learning and correspondence courses include courses that encompass the state-required essential knowledge and skills but are taught through multiple technologies and alternative methodologies such as mail, satellite, Internet, video-conferencing, and instructional television.

Resident students, students temporarily residing abroad, or out-of-school youth and adults are able to earn units by taking correspondence courses from another educational institution.

If a student wishes to enroll in a correspondence course or a distance learning course that is not provided through the Texas Virtual School Network (TxVSN), as described below, in order to earn credit in a course or subject, the student must receive written permission from the principal prior to enrolling in the course or subject. If the student does not receive prior approval, the district may not recognize and apply the course or subject toward graduation requirements or subject mastery.

All courses must have been approved by the Commissioner of Education and must include the state-required essential knowledge and skills. A school counselor must supervise the program.

Grades earned in these courses are recorded on the transcript but are not used in the calculation of GPA. Students in the 12th grade should complete these courses at least 30 days prior to graduation to be eligible for graduation at the end of the term.

Texas Virtual School Network (TxVSN)

The Texas Virtual School Network (TxVSN) has been established by the state as one method of distance learning. A student has the option, with certain limitations, to enroll in a course offered through the TxVSN to earn course credit for graduation.

Depending on the TxVSN course in which a student enrolls, the course may be subject to the “no pass, no play” rules. In addition, for a student who enrolls in a TxVSN course for which an end-of-course (EOC) assessment is required, the student must still take the corresponding EOC assessment. Grades earned in these courses are recorded on the transcript but are not used in the calculation of grade point average.

Grade-Level Classification

After the ninth grade, students are classified according to the number of credits earned toward graduation. The following charts display the credits needed for classification and spring

reclassification. Only courses counting toward state graduation credits are included; local credit courses do not count.

Reclassification occurs before the beginning of each school year, and in some special cases, at other times for state testing purposes or early graduation requirements.

| Fort Worth ISD Grade Classification Foundation Plan with Endorsement | |
|---|--|
| All require 26 credits for Graduation | |
| | Grade Level Classification Required State Course Credits |
| Foundation with an Endorsement | 9 – Freshman 0 credits |
| | 10 – Sophomore 6 credits |
| | 11 – Junior 12 credits |
| | 12 – Senior 19 credits |
| Foundation Without an Endorsement | 12 – Senior 15 credits |
| | 22 credits required for MSHP Graduation and for FHSP Graduation w/out an Endorsement |

The chart below is for:

- Students who have repeated a grade level and have earned the required course credits for *spring semester* reclassification; or
- Seniors who are on the Foundation High School Plan (FHSP) without an endorsement.

This grade reclassification will allow senior students to be included in senior meetings to receive relevant information needed to complete senior year activities and responsibilities. The deadline for grade level reclassification is *mid-January* in order to have testing coded correctly.

| Fort Worth ISD Grade Reclassification – Spring Semester | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| Grade Level Classification | Required State Course Credits Earned |
| 9 – Freshman (repeaters) | 8 credits |
| 10 – Sophomore (repeaters) | 15 credits |
| 11 – Junior (repeaters) | 22.5 credits |
| 12 – Senior FHSP w/o an Endorsement 22 credits required | 18.5 credits |

Students currently enrolled in high school who have not earned the required credits needed to be on grade level and who have not been officially permitted in the Foundation High School Plan without an endorsement are to meet with their counselor to determine the various ways they may schedule courses to make up the needed graduation credits.

Junior – Senior Reclassification during the Sixth Six-Weeks

If a repeat 11th grade student, who did not have enough credits to be classified as a 12th grade student at semester, has earned the credits during the spring semester to still graduate in June, then the student will need to be reclassified to the 12th grade during the 6th six-weeks. This will allow the student to be included in the final graduation class total and receive a transcript marked as a 12th grade student. A grade change form will need to be completed and submitted to the data clerk for entry by the end of the 3rd week of the 6th six-weeks.

Graduation Program

Every student in a Texas public school who entered grade 9 in the 2014–15 school year and thereafter will graduate under the “foundation graduation program.” Within the foundation graduation program are “endorsements,” which are paths of interest that include Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM); Business and Industry; Public Services; Arts and Humanities; and Multidisciplinary Studies.

Endorsements earned by a student will be noted on the student’s transcript. The foundation graduation program also involves the term “distinguished level of achievement,” which reflects the completion of at least one endorsement and Algebra II as one of the required advanced mathematics credits.

State law and rules prohibit a student from graduating solely under the foundation graduation program without an endorsement unless, after the student’s sophomore year, the student and student’s parent are advised of the specific benefits of graduating with an endorsement and submit written permission to the school counselor for the student to graduate without an endorsement. A student who anticipates graduating under the foundation graduation program without an endorsement and who wishes to attend a four-year university or college after graduation must carefully consider whether this will satisfy the admission requirements of the student’s desired college or university.

Endorsements are made up of at least four to five credits taken in a coherent sequence providing advanced or more in-depth knowledge and skills in a curriculum area. In Social Studies Arts and Humanities endorsements five social studies credits are required. A student may earn an endorsement by successfully completing:

- Curriculum requirements for the endorsement;
- Four credits in mathematics
- Four credits in science
- Two additional elective credits

Courses needed to satisfy an endorsement may also be used to satisfy foundation course requirements. Students may enroll in courses under more than one endorsement before the student's junior year.

Graduating under the foundation graduation program will also provide opportunities to earn "performance acknowledgments" that will be acknowledged on a student's transcript. Performance acknowledgments are available for outstanding performance in bilingualism and biliteracy, in a dual credit course, on an AP or IB exam, on certain national college preparatory and readiness or college entrance exams, or for earning a state recognized or nationally or internationally recognized license or certificate. The criteria for earning these performance acknowledgments are prescribed by state rules, and the school counselor can provide more information about these acknowledgments.

Highest-Ranking Graduate – State Designation & Criteria

The highest-ranking graduate is the student at each high school campus who has received the local honor of valedictorian. This student will receive a Highest-Ranking Graduate Certificate and free tuition to a Texas public college or university during both semesters of the first regular session immediately following the student's high school graduation. [See §54.201 of the Texas Education Code]

After all grades have been posted, a designated individual at each campus will use the PDF form provided by TEA to print out a certificate for the graduate on at least 65 lb. stock paper. The principal and superintendent will sign the certificate.

The designated individual from each campus will also need to complete an online survey to submit the highest-ranking graduate information to TEA. There is an optional field noting the public college your highest-ranking graduate will be attending; complete this section if the information is available. TEA will forward this information to the college, and the student will not need a Declaration document.

If the name of the public college that the highest-ranking graduate will attend is not known, the designated individual from each campus will complete a Declaration PDF form. The form is available from the link on the survey. Ensure that the student receives a copy of the Declaration form to present to the college admissions office of attendance. Detailed instructions with a link to

the survey will be provided annually to each campus principal by the Academic Advisement Department.

Local Graduation Honors

The District will calculate class rank at the end of the fifth six-week grading period of the senior year after receiving grades for dual credit courses to determine local graduation honors. The average of the fourth and fifth six-week grades will be used as the semester grade for the purpose of determining local graduation honors.

For schools on an accelerated block schedule, the District shall calculate class rank at the end of the third nine-week grading period of the senior year. The grade for the third nine-week grading period shall be used as the semester grade for this purpose.

Valedictorian and Salutatorian – Local Honor & Criteria

The valedictorian and salutatorian are the eligible students with the highest and second highest ranking, respectively at the end of the 5th six-weeks. To be eligible for such recognition, a student must:

- Have completed the Foundation Program with the distinguished level of achievement;
- Have completed 19 credits before the first day of the school year in which graduation requirements are completed; and
- Have been continuously enrolled in the same high school in the District for the two school years immediately preceding graduation.

In case of a tie in either the weighted GPAs or the weighted numerical grade averages after calculation to the thousandths place, the District shall recognize all students involved in the tie as sharing the honor and title.

Please note that once final grades are calculated, the rankings may have changed from those calculated at the end of the 5th six-weeks. However, if this occurs, this will not change the award for Valedictorian or Salutatorian.

Latin Honors

Local class rank Latin honors at each District high school will be awarded to students completing the foundation program with the distinguished level of achievement, as follows:

| | |
|------------------------|--|
| <i>Summa Cum Laude</i> | The top highest two percent of the graduating class |
| <i>Magna Cum Laude</i> | The next highest three percent of the graduating class |
| <i>Cum Laude</i> | The next highest five percent of the graduating class |

Course Changes

Students may request a course change within the first ten days of school if on a traditional schedule or first five days of school if on a block schedule.

An Add/Drop request made after the tenth day of class (or after five days if on a block schedule), will result in a grade of 60 being reported on the transcript and calculated into the GPA unless there are extenuating circumstances approved by the school principal or designee.

For extenuating circumstances, a course request may be made after the deadline, but no later than the 2nd or 4th six-week grading periods, with or without penalty, as determined by the principal or designee. Course changes made after the 2nd or 4th six-week grading periods will result in a 60 posted to the student's transcript.

An Add/Drop form must be completed and approved by the school principal or designee.

Level changes within the same course are not considered add/drop requests.

For example, moving from Pre-AP English I to English I is a level change and would not result in a penalty. UIL eligibility may be affected. Grades earned in Pre-AP or AP courses will be transferred to the academic course without any adjustment after the 10-day (or 5 day for block schedule) deadline.

Grades earned in the first three weeks of a dropped class can affect UIL eligibility.

A change to a course requires the student to assume the responsibility for the content of the entire course on the final examination.

For dual credit course changes, please see the Dual Credit section.

Placement of Students Entering the District

Accredited Schools

The parent or guardian of a student enrolling in the District from an accredited public, private, or parochial school must provide evidence of prior schooling outside the District. The student will be placed initially at the grade level reached elsewhere, pending observation by the classroom teacher, guidance personnel, and the principal. On the basis of these observations and results of tests that may be administered by appropriate District personnel, the principal will determine final grade placement.

Accredited is defined as accreditation by TEA, an equivalent agency from another state, or an accrediting association recognized by the commissioner.

Non-Accredited Schools

A student enrolling in a District school from a non-accredited public, private, or parochial school, including homeschools, will be placed initially at the discretion of the principal, pending observation by classroom teachers, guidance personnel, and the principal. Criteria for placement may include:

- Scores on achievement tests, which may be administered by appropriate District personnel.
- Recommendation of the sending school.
- Prior academic record.
- Chronological age and social and emotional development of the student.
- Other criteria deemed appropriate by the principal.

Before granting credit, the District shall validate, by a Credit by Exam (See CBE Section) or other evidence, that any course taken by a student at a non-accredited public, private, or parochial school meets State Board requirements. If the course cannot be validated, the student will retake the course.

Guidelines for All Students Transferring

- A student who has honors classes on his or her transcript from another district will be awarded honors credit if the honors course is currently taught in the FWISD.
- Confer with the student to determine the content of any course in question and to the Texas Essential Knowledge and Skills if necessary. The subject program director may also be contacted for assistance. If the content equates to that of a FWISD course, credit may be given.

- Students who wish to receive state credit for a course that cannot be equated with a FWISD course may apply to take the credit-by-examination test when available.
- Counselors who cannot make proper determinations for courses should contact the Guidance and Counseling Department.

Campus Plan for Transfer Students

When a student transfers, the best effort should be made to place the student in an equivalent class. If an equivalent class is not available on the receiving campus, a committee needs to be convened to devise a plan for the student to earn credit to complete the semester with courses offered in the FWISD school system.

A campus plan is to be devised by a committee comprised of the principal or designee, a counselor, and the teacher who will be working with the student for semester course credit completion. Based on policy EIA (LOCAL), teachers and other personnel are to work with the student so that the student is provided opportunities to complete course work needed to show relative mastery of the course objectives.

A receiving campus plan is to be devised for a student transferring into a District high school when any of the following conditions warrant such a planning process:

1. A student transfers into a District high school at the beginning of the second six-weeks of the school year, missing the first six-weeks of FWISD instruction.
 - a. If the student was in another Texas public or charter school, the grades will be recorded under the first grading cycle, and the student will be placed in an equivalent class to continue the course.
 - b. If the student was not attending school at the beginning of the school year prior to enrolling in FWISD, the student will not be penalized under the attendance rules but will be expected to be accountable for mastery of the TEKS by the end of the course in order to receive credit for the course. Because the District curriculum spirals and builds upon the TEKS from the beginning of the year, the TEKS the student missed are often reviewed throughout the semester. Even though the student has not been in attendance since the beginning of the year, the student has not missed these TEKS.

Grades are to be recorded for each six weeks the student is enrolled, and those grades will be averaged for the semester grade. The missing first six-weeks grade due to late enrollment is not recorded as a zero.

At the end of the high school year, the student's final average is figured semester by semester. In this example, the student would have

- Two six-weeks grades and the semester exam averaged for semester A; and
 - Three six-weeks grades and the semester exam averaged for semester B.
 - The two semester grades are to be averaged for the year-end grades. [Policy EI (LOCAL)]
2. A student begins the school year at his/her home high school but is reassigned to Metro Opportunity High School or another alternative setting. The teacher who has the student in his/her class at the end of the semester will be the teacher who enters the student's semester grade. In this situation, the teacher may be the alternative school teacher or the home school teacher, depending on where the student ends the semester.
- a. If the alternative campus does not offer the course(s) that the student was enrolled in at the home school, a plan is to be devised to work with the student so that he/she does not lose credit for the course. The plan could include:
 - i. Having the home school teacher provide the student with the syllabus assignments so that the student may keep up with the content and skills that the students are learning at the home school, or
 - ii. Retake the course, or
 - iii. Enroll in a FWISD online course

An incomplete grade may not be carried over to a new school year. A code "I" for an Incomplete is available on the electronic grade card system, but not on the state transcript system (AAR Minimum Standards).

- b. When a student is assigned to Metro Opportunity/or another alternative setting where a course is only offered as a regular level class, the student will lose the grade points for an honors level course if the semester is completed at Metro/or another alternative setting. There are no grade points assigned to cycle (six-weeks) grades. Only semester grades receive course points for the grade earned and thus will affect GPA points.
- c. When a student moves from an AP class to a regular class, for example in English, the course will become a regular English course (for the time at Metro/or another alternative setting). The curriculum objectives are different for a regular English course vs. an AP English class. If the span of time the student is assigned to Metro, for example, includes most of the semester, the student returning to the home school will most likely go into the regular level class upon return.

If the student assignment to Metro/or another alternative setting is not an extended length of time (one six-weeks or less) and the student wants to retain the course as an AP

course, he/she would need to request the AP course syllabus and assignments. He or she would also be responsible for keeping up with assignments in the AP class. When the student returns to the home school, to demonstrate relative mastery of the AP course objectives, the student will need to make up missed major assignments, necessary quizzes and/or tests. He/she must maintain the course work for the remainder of the year to be awarded AP course credit by demonstrating relative mastery of the AP objectives through the remaining class work assignments, examinations and/or the AP test score. The teacher would consider all the AP class six-weeks grades, which will include examinations to determine the student's relative mastery of the AP class.

The teacher of record at the end of the semester is required to provide the grade for the semester. If the student is at Metro/or another alternative setting at the end of the semester, regardless of the time at Metro, then only regular credit (Tier III course) will be assigned for the regular course.

Conversion of Letter Grades to Numeric Grades

When a student transfers grades for properly documented courses from an accredited U.S. or foreign public or private institution, the District shall assign weight to those grades based on the categories and grade weight system used by the District if similar or equivalent courses are offered to the same class of students in the District.

Conversion of letter grades to numerical grades for students transferring into the District with letter grades are as follows:

| | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| A+ = 99 | B+ = 89 | C+ = 79 |
| A = 96 | B = 86 | C = 76 |
| A- = 92 | B- = 82 | C- = 72 |
| | | F = 60 |

If a student is transferring from a Texas school district or Texas charter school and has a "D" letter grade equivalent to a 70, credit will be awarded for the course per Texas Education Rule, 19TAC§74.26 (a)&(c).

Grades earned in non-accredited schools shall be handled in accordance with FD (LOCAL). Students from non-public, out-of-state, or out-of-country schools may have transcripts that record a "D" letter grade and award credit for courses with a grade numeric value lower than the

Texas passing standard of 70. Per TEA staff, the District has determined that for a "D" letter grade with a numeric value lower than a 70, a "P" will be recorded as the transfer grade.

Transfer students from non-accredited public, private, or parochial schools or who have been home- schooled shall be offered an opportunity to demonstrate mastery in a subject or to earn course credit. (See **Credit by Exam** section.)

Credit Recovery

A student who fails a course may retrieve credits multiple ways within the District. A student may:

- Retake the class during the school year, or
- Retake the class in the District-approved, web-based, credit-recovery program, or
- Take an approved Credit-by-Exam, or
- Retrieve credit by taking the class in summer school.

Credit Recovery Using District-Approved, Web-Based Credit Recovery Program

A student who fails a course may be eligible to take a course in the Web-based Curriculum Program to recover credit. In order to recover credit, a student must earn a grade of 70 or higher and complete 100% of the coursework requirements. The grade earned in the Web-based Curriculum Program will be the grade placed on the student's transcript, but will not be included in the calculation of GPA.

GPA Impact

- The student's original failing grade will be included on the transcript and in the calculation of GPA.
- Inclusion in class rank calculation will depend on the class rank calculation for that graduating class. See Class Rank section for additional information.
- If the recovery course is passed with a minimum grade of 70, the actual grade earned on the course will be noted on the transcript.
- The grade earned in the recovery course will not be used in the calculation of GPA.

Courses Requiring and End-of-Course Exam

- A student who fails a course requiring an EOC, but who passes the EOC exam will be offered the option of taking a Credit-by-Exam to recover course credit or enrolling in a web-based curriculum program.
- A student who fails Biology or U.S. History **and** fails the related EOC exam will be required to retake one or both failed semesters in a regular classroom setting. The student must earn a 70 to earn course credit. The student must also retake the EOC exam.
- A student who fails Algebra I, English I, or English II **and** fails the related EOC exam will be able to enroll in a web-based curriculum program for that course. The student must also retake the failed EOC.

| | Passed Course? | Passed EOC? | Web-Based Curriculum Program Available? |
|---|----------------|-------------|---|
| Algebra I, English I, English II, US History, Biology | No | Yes | Yes |
| US History, Biology | No | No | No, must retake one or both failed semesters in a regular classroom setting |
| Algebra I, English I, English II | No | No | Yes |

Credit Recovery Using a Credit-by-Exam (CBE)

A student can take a CBE to recover credit for a failed course. To receive credit, the student must earn a score of 70 or above. The score is recorded on the student's transcript and coded with a "T" indicating that credit is earned. The score on the CBE is not included in the calculation of GPA. The original failing grade is used in GPA calculation.

Summary of Credit Recovery Methods

| Method | Available For | Grade Needed | GPA Impact |
|---|--|--|---|
| Retake Course | A student who fails a course <i>This is the only option for a student who fails both the course and the EOC for Biology and US History.</i> | 70 | Original failing grade and new grade are calculated into GPA |
| District-approved Web-based program | A student who fails a course | 70 (in addition 100% of coursework requirements must be met) | Grade will be noted on transcript, but will not be used in the calculation of GPA |
| Credit-By-Exam (provided an exam is available for the course) | Any student who fails a course regardless of whether the course requires an EOC | 70 | Grade will be noted on transcript, but will not be used in the calculation of GPA |
| Summer School | Any student who fails a course | 70 | Grade is used in the calculation of GPA |

Acceleration for Over-Age Students

Web-Based Learning (WBL) or Academic Acceleration Initiative (AAI) for High School Students

The Web-Based Learning (WBL) program or Academic Acceleration Initiative is an initiative that started in the 2012-2013 school year. The program is utilized in all secondary schools and specialized campuses to support students with the ability to obtain high school credit, accelerate academically, and prepare for college entry-exams.

Students take courses using a web-based curriculum, following the guidelines in the district approved program. The AAI or WBL program supports students who are over-age and under-credit and at risk of not graduating on time.

The AAI or WBL program meets the need for differentiated responses for students who have had interruptions in their schooling experience, multiple school transitions, or need additional time and supports to succeed. Classes are available at every high school and middle school.

The Academic Acceleration Counselor will enroll students in the needed coursework and determine the student's eligibility for a pre-assessment to identify areas where the student needs improvement. The web-based curriculum teacher will provide a positive classroom environment to support and monitor the student's progress and will provide interventions as determined by data. The web-based curriculum teacher, academic acceleration counselor, and additional campus personnel will collaborate with parents to ensure that the student follows his/her academic plan, which supports the student's goal for college and/or career readiness.

GPA Impact

Upon successful completion of each web-based course, student will receive credit for the course. The grade earned in the course will be recorded on the transcript but will not be used in the calculation of GPA.

Acceleration for Students Who Are Not Behind in Credits

| Method | Available For | Grade Needed | GPA Impact | EOC Impact |
|--|--|--------------|--|---|
| Credit-By-Exam Without Prior Instruction | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A student who has not had prior instruction in a course | 80 | Grade will be noted on the transcript, but is not used in the calculation of GPA | For a CBE for a course that requires an EOC - the student will be exempt from the EOC |
| Summer School | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Courses not requiring an EOC and Identified in the Summer School Catalog as available for Acceleration purposes | 70 | Grade is used in the calculation of GPA | Student is required to take the EOC |
| Texas Virtual School Network , Texas Tech, or UT for a <i>current FWISD student</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any student who wants to accelerate and has met prerequisite requirements for the course | 70 | Grade will be noted on the transcript, but is not used in the calculation of GPA | Student is required to take the EOC |
| Texas Virtual School Network , Texas Tech, or UT for a <i>student who is not enrolled in FWISD</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any student who wants to accelerate and has met prerequisite requirements for the course | 70 | Grade will be noted on the transcript, but is not used in the calculation of GPA | For an EOC course, student is not required to take the EOC provided that the student completed the course prior to enrolling in a Texas public school |
| District-Approved Web-Based Program | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> At some middle school campuses Limited courses that allow students to earn high school credit | 70 | Grade will be noted on the transcript, but is not used in the calculation of GPA | |

Evaluation of Students With Special Needs

The Individual Education Plan (IEP) developed by the Admission, Review, and Dismissal (ARD) Committee for each student who meets eligibility criteria for Special Education services delegates responsibility for grade reporting for each special education student as follows:

1. If the content is taught solely in General Education, the grade will be assigned by the General Education teacher.
2. If the content is taught solely by the Special Education teacher, the grade will be assigned by the Special Education teacher.
3. If the content is taught through collaboration between the Special Education and the General Education teachers, the grade should be assigned jointly by but entered by the teacher of record. Exception(s) to these guidelines, where applicable, will be specified within the IEP.
4. All accommodations and modifications for Special Education students must be followed as delineated in the student's IEP and as determined in the ARD committee. All Special Education and General Education teachers are responsible for assuring the implementation of accommodations listed in the student's IEP. Modifications to the curricular content will be endorsed by the ART Committee and implemented by Special Education teachers.

Unless otherwise specified in the IEP, the grading period and grading system applicable to General Education will apply to students eligible for Special Education as well.

Each student eligible for Special Education services will receive his/her IEP Progress Report, which will accompany the Report Card, at every designated reporting period (i.e. 6 weeks or 9 weeks). Special Education teachers are responsible for reporting IEP progress.

English Learners (ELs)

High academic standards should be maintained for English Learners; however, no grading policy should adversely affect a student based solely on language proficiency. The teacher must take into consideration the student's level of English proficiency when planning assessments for and assigning grades to EL students. Linguistically modified and/or

alternative assessments and special instructional methods should be used as appropriate and should be dependent on the level of English language proficiency of the student.

At the high school level, credit may not be denied solely because special assessments and/or methods were used to provide the EL student opportunity to demonstrate his/her knowledge of or skill in a subject.

Right of Access to Student Records, Curriculum Materials, and District Records/Policies

Parents have a right to review teaching materials, textbooks, and other teaching aids and instructional materials used in the curriculum, and to examine tests that have been administered to the parent's child.

A Parent is also entitled to request that the school allow his/her child to take home any instructional materials used by the student. If the school determines that sufficient availability exists to grant the request, the student must return the materials at the beginning of the next school day if requested to do so by the child's teacher. [EF (LEGAL)]